

Verizon New England Inc.

1. Switched Interconnection Services
1.1 Description

1.1.1	General
F.	(Continued)
f.	Meet Point C
g.	Unbundled Network Elements

1.1.2	Timing and Rating of Usage
A.	
1.	
2.	
a.	
B.	
C.	Proportionate Percentage of Use — In utilizing two-way meet point A or B reciprocal traffic exchange trunk arrangements to carry its traffic, the CLEC will be responsible for payment of a portion of the appropriate monthly rates associated with the two-way arrangement. The payment will be based on the CLEC's percentage of use of the trunk group.
1.	When a two-way meet point A or B reciprocal traffic exchange trunk arrangement is established, the CLEC will be responsible for 50% of the applicable monthly rates for the first quarter of the year.

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1.1 Description

1.1.2 Timing and Rating of Usage	
C. (Continued)	
2.	In the second quarter and each quarter thereafter, the percentage of use will be calculated by the Telephone Company using actual traffic usage data collected over the preceding three months. The Telephone Company will determine the correct percentages for the CLEC in January, April, July and October of each year and notify the CLEC with the appropriate percentage of the monthly rate for which the CLEC is responsible and obtain the necessary agreement. The data will reflect actual usage accumulated over the preceding three months ending the last day of December, March, June and September. The data will serve as the basis for the next three months billing and will be effective on the bill date in the following month (i.e., February, May, August and November). If the CLEC does not have three months worth of usage at the time of the scheduled calculation, the proportionate percentage of use will remain at 50% until the next scheduled calculation.
a.	The CLEC will be responsible for 50% of the appropriate NRCs.

1.1.3 Provisioning	
A.	The Telephone Company and the CLEC will jointly use 64 clear channel capability where available. Additionally, the Telephone Company and the CLEC will work cooperatively in determining the following. (T)
1.	The CLEC and the Telephone Company will jointly determine which trunk groups are to be converted and what quantity of trunks should be used.
2.	The CLEC and the Telephone Company will jointly determine new high usage end office trunk groups which the Telephone Company will request when the CCS load from a Telephone Company end office reaches the equivalent of one DS1.

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1. Switched Interconnection Services
1.3 Meet Point B

1.3.1 Access Tandem Meet Point B Arrangement	
A.	This arrangement provides a CLEC with a trunk side connection at 1.544 Mbps (DS1 rate/24 voice grade equivalent channels) or 44.736 Mbps (DS3 rate/28 DS1 channels) to a point of termination located at the same V&H coordinates of the wire center of the Telephone Company's access tandem switch for access only to the Telephone Company's end offices subtending that tandem switch. The end offices subtending tandem switches are listed in the LERG. 64 clear channel capability is an available option with this arrangement.
B.	A CLEC can also use this arrangement for the exchange of traffic with other CLECs, ITC, or a Commercial Mobile Radio Service (CMRS) Provider. (C) (C)
1.3.2 Two-Way Meet Point B Reciprocal Traffic Exchange Trunk	
A.	Two way meet point B reciprocal traffic exchange trunk provides a CLEC with a trunk side connection at 1.544 Mbps (DS1 rate) or 44.736 Mbps (DS3 rate) with CCSA/SS7 protocol to a point of termination located at the same V&H coordinates as that of the Telephone Company's access tandem switch for access only to the Telephone Company's end offices subtending that tandem switch. The end offices subtending tandem switches are published in the LERG. 64 Clear Channel Capability is an available option with this arrangement.
B.	Two way meet point B reciprocal traffic exchange trunk provides for the following terminations.
1.	CLEC termination of its traffic from its point of termination to a Telephone Company access tandem
2.	The Telephone Company termination of traffic from its access tandem to a CLEC's point of interconnection over the same trunk group.
1.3.3 Tandem Transit Service (TTS)	
A.	TTS provides for the exchange of POTS traffic between two CLECs where the two CLECs purchase a meet point B arrangement under this tariff for the same Telephone Company access tandem switch. TTS also provides for the exchange of POTS traffic between a CLEC and an ITC or CMRS Provider where the CLEC purchases a meet point B arrangement and the ITC, or CMRS Provider is also connected to the same Telephone Company access tandem switch. (C) (C)
B.	Where such calls are terminated to the NXX of another CLEC, ITC or CMRS Provider, the Telephone Company will record and transmit call details to the terminating CLEC, ITC, or CMRS Provider and will provide tandem switching and transport on these calls. (C)
C.	Payment of terminating access charges and associated record processing charges for TTS calls are the responsibility of the originating CLEC. The Telephone Company and the terminating CLEC, ITC, or CMRS Provider will each bill their appropriate charges to the originating CLEC. (C)

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1. Switched Interconnection Services
1.5 Transport to the Interconnection POT

1.5.1 Description	
A.	Meet point arrangements may be provided to a CLEC under the following arrangements. 1. Collocation Agreements as established under Telephone Company tariffs. 2. Transport will be provided by the Telephone Company from the CLEC's premises to the Telephone Company end offices (Meet Points A and C) or access tandem (Meet Point B) under the terms and conditions of the applicable Telephone Company tariff. 3. Comparable Alternative Arrangements provided by the Telephone Company at the Telephone Company end office (meet points A and C) or tandem switch (meet point B). Comparable alternative arrangements are provided on an individual case basis.
B.	Following are additional transport options which are available only for meet point C arrangements. 1. The CLEC may provide its own transport from its premises to the point of termination for meet point C. 2. The CLEC may select a third party to provide transport to the point of termination as long as separate CICs and billing accounts are maintained.
C.	When meet points A, B or C are provided through a collocation arrangement, the CLEC may provide its own transport or select a third party to provide transport from its premises to the POT. Collocation cross-connect charges will apply.

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1. Switched Interconnection Services
1.9 Line Information Database (LIDB) Service

1.9.2 Regulations

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| C. | Additional cooperative testing will be performed jointly between the CLEC and the Telephone Company. |
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1.9.3 Responsibility of the Telephone Company

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| A. | The Telephone Company will implement network management controls such as automatic code gapping which will instruct the query coordinator (i.e., LIDB CLEC) to reduce the number of queries sent to an overloaded LIDB. The Telephone Company will return an automatic code gap component in the response to LIDB access CLEC's queries when the LIDB has reached an overloaded condition. Automatic code gap is applied uniformly to all users of the database. |
| B. | The Telephone Company performance standard for LIDB is set at an annual objective of no greater than twelve hours of down-time per LIDB. |
| C. | The average response time for a LIDB query is .5 seconds per query and should not exceed one second for 99% of all queries. |
| D. | The Telephone Company will conduct routine updates (i.e., adds, deletes, changes) of the Telephone Company LIDB on a daily basis, during normal business hours. |

1.9.4 Responsibility of the CLEC

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| A. | The CLEC shall provide on a semi-annual basis, a LIDB network management report (refer to TR-NWT-000954). |
| B. | When the LIDB CLEC receives an automatic code gap response, the CLEC is expected to enter the six digit code (i.e., NPA-NXX) on a control list and follow the proper code gapping procedures. Once the overload condition is over, the response from the LIDB will no longer contain the automatic code gap component and the six digit code should be removed from the CLEC's control list. |

1.9.5 Application of Rates and Charges

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| A. | The LIDB query charge provides for database look-up and response of the calling card, toll billing exception and public or PASL payphone performance data. The charge is applied on a per query basis. |
| B. | The Point Code Establishment charge is a nonrecurring charge that is assessed on an originating point code basis for establishing a CLEC point code to allow access to LIDB. The charges will be applied on an standard interval and on an expedite basis, as appropriate. |

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1. Switched Interconnection Services

1.10 LIDB Record Management

1.10.1 Description	
A.	LIDB record management is provided to TCs who designate the Telephone Company as their LIDB provider. LIDB record management provides the TC with the ability to store certain records of their end users in the Telephone Company LIDB.
B.	The storage of the TC's records in the Telephone Company LIDB will make the TC's records available for itself, and other TC's that order LIDB Access.
C.	The following methods are available for accessing LIDB. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Direct correspondence with the Telephone Company service order point of entry 2. Through the use of the Telephone Company's electronic interfaces.
D.	TCs will send to the Telephone Company end user record data for inclusion in the LIDB. The TC is responsible for the accuracy of the end user records that it provides to the Telephone Company. The TC must provide a forecast of the number of records that will be forwarded to the Telephone Company annually for storage and the number of updates to be processed annually. All the TC's end users' line records must be included in the Telephone Company LIDB, whether screening is to be applied or not, for positive validation.
E.	The Telephone Company, at the direction of the TC, will input and update the following types of records to be stored in LIDB. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Alternate billing/screening to support collect and third number calls 2. Caller ID with customer listed names 3. Calling card
F.	The TC must specify which type of record is requested to be interfiled to LIDB. The TC will be allowed to update, (i.e., add, change, or delete) their records in LIDB.

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1.10.2 Regulations	
A.	The TC is responsible for providing the Telephone Company with timely updates concerning the records that are stored in the LIDB. TC updates and storage will be subject to rates and charges. The minimum period for LIDB record management service is one year. This period begins when the first TC end user record is stored in LIDB.
B.	The accuracy of the data stored in LIDB is limited to the updates provided by the TC.
C.	TCs will send to the Telephone Company for input to the LIDB, terminating screening records associated with screening collect and bill to third number calls. the data that will be required by the TC is as follows. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Customer Name 2. Customer Identification Number 3. Record Date

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1. Switched Interconnection Services
1.10 LIDB Record Management

1.10.3 Application of Rates and Charges	
A.	
B.	LIDB Data Storage is a nonrecurring charge that is assessed for the initial load of the CLECs end user information in the LIDB database.

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1. Switched Interconnection Services

1.14 Application of Rates and Charges

1.14.7 CCS/SS7 Application of Rates and Charges	
A. Monthly Rates	
1.	The STP port charge is a fixed monthly rate which is applicable per STP.
2.	The STP signaling link rate applies on a per pair, per month basis. In the case where the CCSA transport is not provided by the Telephone Company, the STP signaling link rate does not apply, however the STP monthly port rate will apply.
B. Usage—	The signaling usage rate applies for each call transaction delivered to the Telephone Company SS7 network through the CLEC STP port.
C. NRCs—	The following NRCs apply (refer to Part A, Section 3.3).
1.	Service order
D. Other NRCs (Where appropriate Expedite NRCs will apply)	
1.	SS7 Link –. A Service Connection-CO Wiring and Service Connection –Other (Provisioning) charge applies. If appropriate, a Manual Surcharge-Special may be applicable. If requested , an Expedite NRC will be charged.
2.	STP Port Termination –. A Service Connection-CO Wiring and Service Connection –Other (Provisioning) charge applies. If appropriate, a Manual Surcharge-Loop NRC may be applicable. If requested, an Expedite NRC will be charged.
3.	
4.	A translation charge applies for the work to establish or modify interconnection to the requested CCS/SS7 network features and will be calculated according to the following items.
a.	The number of originating point codes interconnecting from the customer's network.
b.	The number of the Telephone Company STP ports accessed.
c.	The specific translation work required to establish each SS7 signaling feature.
5.	Additional NRCs apply for translation work to integrate interconnecting CLEC switches into the Telephone Company switching network where TCAP routing and response is required, based upon the number of CLEC NPA-NXX codes being added to the Telephone Company switch translations.
6.	End office translation charges apply for translations in the Telephone Company end offices when TCAP features are established for a TC switch. The charge applies per end office modified.
7.	Certification Testing and Set Up— The basic test set-up charge applies and is calculated according to the SS7 signaling features being tested. This charge includes establishing test file updates and the development and distribution of a test script. This charge is made for subsequent testing activity to certify the new or reconfigured signaling feature capability. These charges are based on standard times required to do such testing, according to the number of interconnecting switch types and software generics, and the specific signaling features.

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Verizon New /b/a Verizon Maine

3. Directory Assistance (DA) and Operator Services**3.1 Directory Assistance (DA) and Operator Services**

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3.1.1 Description	
A.	The Telephone Company will offer the following directory assistance and operator services in a non-discriminatory manner to a TC's customer served by the TC's own switch. Terms, conditions, and market based rates applicable to these service are provided for under contract and are not governed by this Schedule.
1.	Directory Assistance with Branding
2.	Directory Assistance with Call Completion (DACC)
3.	Direct Access to Directory Assistance (DADA)
4.	Automated Operator Services (O+/Mechanized Operator Service) with Branding
5.	Live Operator Services
6.	Busy Line Verification and Interrupt
7.	Operator Assist Features
8.	Emergency Bulletin Service

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